

## 2-8

NAME \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_

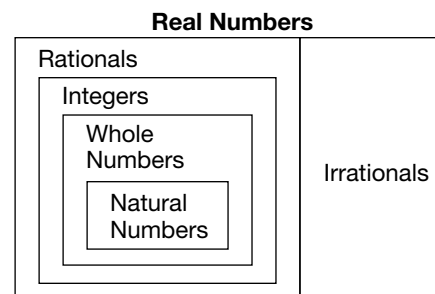
## Square Roots and Real Numbers

(Pages 119–125)

If  $x^2 = y$ , then  $x$  is a **square root** of  $y$ . A rational number, like 81, whose square root, 9, is a rational number, is called a **perfect square**. The number 81 has two square roots, 9 and  $-9$ . The **radical sign**  $\sqrt{\quad}$  is used to indicate a nonnegative or **principal square root**. For example,  $\sqrt{81} = 9$ .

A square root of a positive rational number that is not a perfect square is an **irrational number**. An irrational number is a number that cannot be expressed in the form  $\frac{a}{b}$ , where  $a$  and  $b$  are integers and  $b \neq 0$ .

The set of rational numbers and the set of irrational numbers together form the set of **real numbers**. The graph of the set of all real numbers is the entire number line.

**EXAMPLES****A** Find  $\sqrt{0.09}$ .

$$\sqrt{0.09} = 0.3 \text{ since } (0.3) \cdot (0.3) = 0.09$$

**B** Find  $-\sqrt{0.4}$  to the nearest hundredth using a calculator.

$$\sqrt{0.4} \approx 0.63, \text{ so } -\sqrt{0.4} \approx -0.63.$$

**PRACTICE**

**Find each square root. Use a calculator if necessary. Round to the nearest hundredth if necessary.**

1.  $\sqrt{\frac{9}{16}}$

2.  $\sqrt{441}$

3.  $-\sqrt{\frac{121}{196}}$

4.  $-\sqrt{961}$

5.  $\sqrt{6.4}$

**Evaluate each expression. Use a calculator if necessary. Round to the nearest hundredth if necessary.**

6.  $\sqrt{a}$ , if  $a = 729$

7.  $-\sqrt{cd}$ , if  $c = 36$  and  $d = 81$

8.  $\sqrt{q+r}$ , if  $q = 42$  and  $r = 30$

**Name the set or sets of numbers to which each real number belongs. Use  $N$  for natural numbers,  $W$  for whole numbers,  $Z$  for integers,  $Q$  for rational numbers, and  $I$  for irrational numbers.**

9.  $\sqrt{64}$

10.  $\frac{-20}{2}$

11.  $\sqrt{50}$

12.  $-\sqrt{100}$



**13. Standardized Test Practice** A rectangular field has a length of  $\ell$  feet and a width of  $w$  feet. The distance from any corner of the field to the diagonally-opposite corner is  $\sqrt{\ell^2 + w^2}$ . What is the diagonal distance across a field that is 96 feet long and 28 feet wide?

**A** 144 ft**B** 100 ft**C** 124 ft**D** 114 ft

Answers: 1.  $\frac{3}{4}$  2. 21 3.  $-\frac{11}{14}$  4.  $-\frac{1}{31}$  5. 2.53 6. 27 7.  $-54$  8. 8.49 9.  $N, W, Z, Q$  10.  $Z, Q$  11.  $I$  12.  $Z, Q$  13. **B**