

Chapter 23

Plant Structure and Function

Reinforcement and Study Guide

Section 23.1 Plant Cells and Tissues

In your textbook, read about plant cells and tissues.

Match the definitions in Column 1 with the terms in describes from Column 2. Place the letter from Column 2 in the spaces under Column 1.

Column 1	Column 2
_____ 1. The most abundant kind of plant cells	a. apical meristem
_____ 2. Long cells with unevenly thickened cell walls. This type of cell wall allows the cells to grow.	b. collenchyma
_____ 3. Cells with walls that are very thick and rigid. At maturity, these cells often die, leaving the cell walls to provide support for the plant.	c. companion cell
_____ 4. Dermal tissue that is composed of flattened parenchyma cells that cover all parts of the plant	d. cork cambium
_____ 5. Openings in the cuticle of the leaf that control the exchange of gases	e. epidermis
_____ 6. Cells that control the opening and closing of the stomata.	f. guard cells
_____ 7. Hairlike projections that extend from the epidermis	g. meristem
_____ 8. Plant tissue composed of tubular cells that transports water and minerals from the roots to the rest of the plant	h. parenchyma
_____ 9. Tubular cells, with tapered ends, which transport water throughout a plant	i. phloem
_____ 10. Lateral meristem that produces a tough covering for the surface of stems and roots	j. sclerenchyma
_____ 11. Vascular tissue that transport sugars from the leaves to all parts of the plant	k. sieve tube member
_____ 12. Long, cylindrical phloem cells through which sugars and organic compounds flow	l. stomata
_____ 13. Nucleated cells that help manage the transport of sugars and other organic compounds through the sieve cells of the phloem	m. tracheids
_____ 14. Areas where new cells are produced	n. trichomes
_____ 15. Growth tissue found at or near the tips of roots and stems	o. vascular cambium
_____ 16. Tubular cells that transport water throughout the plant. These cells are wider and shorter than tracheids.	p. vessel element
_____ 17. Lateral meristem that produces new xylem and phloem cells in the stems and roots	q. xylem