

## Chapter 8

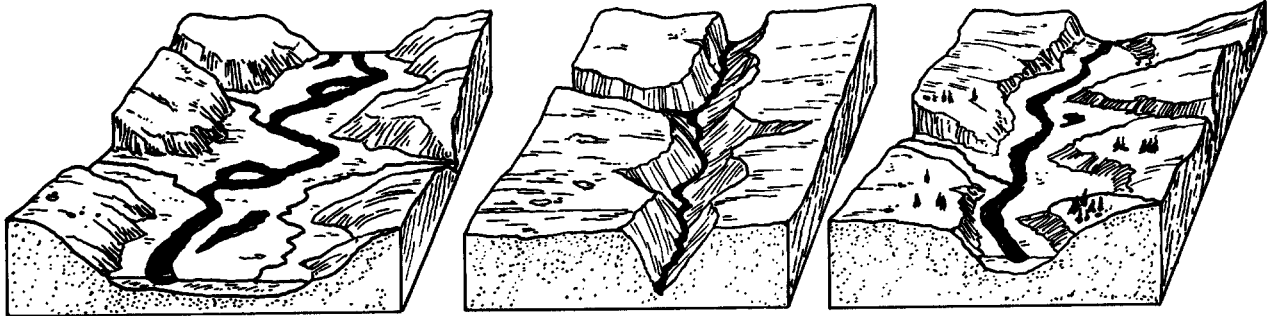
## STUDY GUIDE

## ● Surface Water

In the blank at the left, write the letter of the term or phrase that correctly completes each statement.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. Water runoff forms small \_\_\_\_\_.  
 a. water cycles      b. drainage      c. streams      d. overflows
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. The land area from which a stream gets its water is its \_\_\_\_\_.  
 a. overflow      b. drainage basin      c. runoff      d. river system
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. The largest drainage basin in the United States is that of the \_\_\_\_\_.  
 a. Missouri River      c. Appalachian Mountains  
 b. Rocky Mountains      d. Mississippi River
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. Most of the rain that falls between the Rocky Mountains and the Appalachian Mountains flows into the \_\_\_\_\_.  
 a. Missouri and Ohio rivers      c. Rocky Mountains  
 b. Appalachian Mountains      d. Pacific Ocean
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. A stream that flows swiftly through a steep valley is a \_\_\_\_\_ stream.  
 a. mature      b. shallow      c. old      d. young
- \_\_\_\_\_ 6. The broad, flat valley floor cut by a stream is a \_\_\_\_\_.  
 a. floodplain      b. meander      c. drainage system      d. mature river
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7. A curve in the river formed by erosion is called a \_\_\_\_\_.  
 a. floodplain      b. meander      c. drainage system      d. mature river

The diagrams show young, mature, or old rivers. Label each diagram correctly.



8. \_\_\_\_\_      9. \_\_\_\_\_      10. \_\_\_\_\_